

Timeline of Georgian England

Horatio Nelson was born in the middle of the Georgian Age (which comes after the Stuart Age). His birth in **1758** is surrounded by a number of significant events which are listed below in chronological order.

- 1714** George of Hanover, Germany succeeds Queen Anne to the Throne
- 1721** Sir Robert Walpole becomes the first Prime Minister
- 1746** Bonnie Prince Charlie is defeated at the Battle of Culloden
- 1758** **Horatio Nelson was born!**
- 1757** The first canal in Britain is completed
- 1776** America declares independence from Britain
- 1780s** The Industrial Revolution begins
- 1783** The steam powered cotton mill is invented by Sir Richard Arkwright
- 1788 -** The first convict ships are sent to Australia
- 1796** Edward Jenner invents a vaccination against small pox
- 1801** The first census is carried out. The population of Britain stands at 8 million.
Ireland is made part of the United Kingdom
- 1804** Richard Trevithick builds the first steam locomotive
- 1805** Lord Nelson defeats Napoleon at the **Battle of Trafalgar.**

- 1807** The slave trade is abolished in Great Britain
- 1815** **The** Duke of Wellington defeats Napoleon at the Battle of Waterloo
- 1825** The world's first railway opens between Stockton and Darlington
- 1829 -** Robert Peel sets up the Metropolitan Police force
- 1834** The Poor Law allows the setting up of workhouses, where people without homes or jobs can live in return for doing unpaid work.

The **Victorian Age** follows the Georgian Age.